

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

CS-FG EP-2

## **Section 1. Identification**

: CS-FG EP-2 **GHS** product identifier

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product type** : Solid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Petroleum lubricating grease / (Food grade)

Area of application : Industrial applications.

: LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co. Supplier/Manufacturer

> 129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105

Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: SDS@lubriplate.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the

substance or mixture

: Not classified.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 2.4%

**GHS label elements** 

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Not applicable. : Not applicable. Response : Not applicable. **Storage Disposal** : Not applicable.

Supplemental label

elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.

identification

**CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : NSF# 151136

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
White mineral oil (petroleum)	White mineral oil (petroleum)	60-100	8042-47-5
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1-5	1314-13-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact**: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data. **Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

### Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO2.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	CEIL: 15 mg/m³ Form: Dust
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and
	fumes
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction

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**United States** 

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls

 Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if

a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Solid. [Smooth.]

Color : White.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Not available.

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

: Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density : Not available. **Relative density** : Not available. : Not available. Solubility Solubility in water : Not available. : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **SADT** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 1.05 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (105 cSt) Physical/chemical

properties comments

: Kinematic viscosity (100 °C (212 °F)): 0.117 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (11.7 cSt)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from all sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Incompatible materials: Chlorine

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

### Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects** 

Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	96 hours 72 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil (petroleum)	>6	-	high
zinc oxide	-	60960	high

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (zinc oxide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	9
Packing group	-	III	III
Environmental hazards	No	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	-	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F  Special provisions 274, 335, 966, 967, 969	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y956  Special provisions A97, A158, A179, A197

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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# **Section 14. Transport information**

Transport in bulk according

: Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: zinc oxide Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: benzoic acid

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances

i Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals
(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum) zinc oxide		No. No.		No. No.	Yes. Yes.	No. No.

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5
Supplier notification	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE FUME

New York : None of the components are listed.

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

New Jersey : The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL, MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY

REFINED); ZINC OXIDE

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE (ZNO)

California Prop. 65

None of the components are listed.

### Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

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## Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard

International transport regulations

**▼** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.