

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Marine and Auto Guard (Aerosol)

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Marine and Auto Guard (Aerosol)

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type

: Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Petroleum lubricating oil Area of application : Industrial applications.

Supplier/Manufacturer

: LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co.

129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105

Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: SDS@lubriplate.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : H222 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

H280 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 26.4%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 Date of previous issue :07/03/2015 Version : 2 1/14

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P261 - Avoid breathing gas.

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

: P405 - Store locked up. **Storage**

P410 - Protect from sunlight.

P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **Product code** : Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	-	≥50 - ≤75	64741-44-2
Petroleum gases, liquefied	-	≥10 - ≤25	68476-85-7
2-butoxyethanol	-	≤3	111-76-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 :07/03/2015 2/14 Date of previous issue Version : 2

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 Date of previous issue : 07/03/2015 Version : 2 3/14

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Date of issue/Date of revision: 03/17/2016Date of previous issue: 07/03/2015Version: 24/14

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 Date of previous issue :07/03/2015 Version : 2

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
	None.
Petroleum gases, liquefied	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.
2-butoxyethanol	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 Date of previous issue : 07/03/2015 Version : 2 6/14

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

> being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Zas. [Aerosol. / Mist] **Physical state**

Color Off-white. Odor Additive Not available. Odor threshold Hq Not available.

Melting point : Not available. **Boiling point** Not available.

Flash point : Open cup: 138°C (280.4°F) [Cleveland.]

Evaporation rate <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

: Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Lower: 0.9% Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits Upper: 9.5%

: <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) [room temperature] Vapor pressure

Vapor density : >5 [Air = 1] Relative density : 0.86 [Water = 1]

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

: 152°C (305.6°F) **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature**: Not available. **SADT** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity**

Physical/chemical : Flash point: <-18 °C (-0.4 °F) (Propellant)

properties comments Kinematic viscosity (100 °C (212 °F)): 1.5 mm²/s (1.5 cSt)

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray > 33 kJ/g**Heat of combustion** : >75 cm Ignition distance

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 :07/03/2015 7/14 Date of previous issue Version

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Chlorine

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	1700 mg/m³	4 hours
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		220 mg/kg 250 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2 -butoxyethanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 Date of previous issue : 07/03/2015 Version : 2 8/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
2-butoxyethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Marine and Auto Guard (Aerosol)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision: 03/17/2016Date of previous issue: 07/03/2015Version: 29/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Ø ral	7696.8 mg/kg
Dermal	6773.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	338.7 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.798 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
2 -butoxyethanol	301E Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test	95 % - 28 0	days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
2-butoxyethanol	-		-		Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
☑istillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	3.9 to 6	-	high
Petroleum gases, liquefied	1.09	-	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	<100	low

Mobility in soil

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016	Date of previous issue	:07/03/2015	Version : 2	10/14
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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols (Limited quantity)	AEROSOLS (Limited quantity)	Aerosols, flammable (Limited quantity)	
Transport hazard class (es)	This product meets the Limited Quantity exemption.	This product meets the Limited Quantity exemption.	This product meets the Limited Quantity exemption.	
Packing group	-	-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg Special provisions N82 Remarks Packaging: Limited quantity	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959 Remarks Packaging: Limited quantity	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y203	

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 03/17/2016
 Date of previous issue
 : 07/03/2015
 Version
 : 2
 11/14

Section 14. Transport information

Special provisions A145, A167, A802 **Remarks** Packaging: Limited quantity

Special precautions for

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of **MARPOL** and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112

: Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

> Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
vistillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	≥50 - ≤75	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Petroleum gases, liquefied 2-butoxyethanol	≥10 - ≤25 ≤3	Yes. Yes.	Yes. No.	No. No.	Yes. Yes.	No. No.

SARA 313

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 :07/03/2015 Version : 2 12/14 Date of previous issue

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2 -butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≤3
Supplier notification	2 -butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≤3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (L.P.G.);

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS; PETROLEUM

GASES, LIQUEFIED; L.P.G; 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; ETHANOL,

2-BUTOXY-

California Prop. 65

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Date of issue/Date of revision: 03/17/2016Date of previous issue: 07/03/2015Version: 213/14

Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification		
Fam. Aerosol 1, H222	On basis of test data		
Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280	On basis of test data		
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method		
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Expert judgment		

History

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 03/17/2016

Date of previous issue : 07/03/2015

Version : 2
Prepared by : IHS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard

International transport regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/17/2016 Date of previous issue : 07/03/2015 Version : 2 14/14