

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mag-1; Mag-0; Mag-00; Mag-0000

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Mag-1; Mag-0; Mag-00; Mag-0000
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Solid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Petroleum lubricating grease
Area of application	: Industrial applications.
Supplier/Manufacturer	: LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co. 129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105 Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: SDS@lubriplate.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 33.6%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Do not breathe dust. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Other means of	

: Mixture

identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Product code

: Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	60-100	64742-52-5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	30-60	64742-53-6
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1-5	1314-13-2
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate)	antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	1-5	15874-48-3
zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)	zinc bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	0.1-1	136-23-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary f	<u>irst aid measures</u>
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. 1 1151 al	u 1116a3u163
Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	f specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information n Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nor emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	inment and cleaning up	
Small spill	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	:
Large spill	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed abeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
fraction
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
CEIL: 15 mg/m ³ Form: Dust
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and
fumes
STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
fraction
TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
fraction
TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form:
Respirable fraction
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Sb) 8 hours.
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
TWA: 0.5 mg/m^3 , (as Sb) 8 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Sb) 8 hours.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Sb) 10 hours.

Appropriate engineering : controls	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Solid. [grease / Smooth.]
Color	: Off-white.
Odor	: Mineral oil.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Pour point: -57°C to -54°C (-70°F to -65°F)
Boiling point	: >288°C (>550.4°F)
Flash point	: Open cup: 168°C (334.4°F) [Cleveland.]
Evaporation rate	: <0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 7%
Vapor pressure	: <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: >5 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.87 to 0.89 [Water = 1]
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

SADT Viscosity

: Not available. : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.23 cm²/s (23 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from all sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Chlorine
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
zinc bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	39 milligrams	-
· · · /	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Grams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	Category 2		cardiovascular system

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

1			
	Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. Long term exposure : Not available. Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available.

effects					
Potential delayed effects	: Not availabl	e.			
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United States

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

repea Once	ause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or ted contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to by levels.
Carcinogenicity : No kr	own significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No kr	own significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No kr	own significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No kr	own significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No kr	own significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	29361 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	88.08 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
zinc oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water Acute IC50 46 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth	96 hours 72 hours	
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	phase Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
zinc bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Acute EC50 0.74 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 48 hours	
(dibutyiditinocal barnate)	Acute LC50 520 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
zinc oxide	-	60960	high

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

 Soil/water partition
 : Not available.

 coefficient (Koc)

 Other advarse effects

 : No known significant effects

- Other adverse effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ			
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3077	UN3077			
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide, antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate)). Marine pollutant (zinc oxide, antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate))	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc oxide, antimony tris[O,O-dipropy tris(dithiophosphate))			
Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	9			
Packing group	-	III	Ш			
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.			
Additional information		The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F Special provisions 274, 335, 966, 967, 969	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y956 Special provisions A97, A158, A179, A197			

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 307 : zinc oxide; antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate); zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	1	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information	on	ingredients
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not applicable.
SARA 311/312		
Classification	:	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	60-100	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	30-60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
zinc oxide	1-5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate)	1-5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)	0.1-1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5
requirements	antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	15874-48-3	1-5
Supplier notification	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5
	antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	15874-48-3	1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC; ZINC OXIDE FUME

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Section 15. Regulatory information

New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED); OIL MIST, MINERAL; MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED); OIL MIST, MINERAL; ZINC OXIDE; ANTIMONY compounds
Pennsylvania <u>California Prop. 65</u>	: The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE (ZNO); ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS

None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05/07/2015
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: IHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

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Section 16. Other information

References

: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.