

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

**GR-132** 

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: GR-132

Other means of

: Not available.

identification

**Product type** 

: Solid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use

: Petroleum lubricating grease

Area of application

: Industrial applications.

Supplier/Manufacturer

: LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co.

129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105

Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: SDS@lubriplate.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 7.2%

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word

: Warning

**Hazard statements** 

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out

of the workplace.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 04/17/2015

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

1/15

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

identification

: Defatting to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of : Not available.

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	30-60	64742-54-7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	30-60	64742-55-8
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	30-60	64742-52-5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	10-30	64742-53-6
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1-5	1314-13-2
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	Phosphorodithioic acid, O, O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	1-5	68649-42-3
zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)	zinc bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	0.1-1	136-23-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not

breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects

persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

zinc oxide

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist **OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).** 

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

CEIL: 15 mg/m³ Form: Dust

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and

fumes

STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust **ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).** 

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on

known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Solid. [grease]

Color : Beige.
Odor : Mineral oil.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not available.

**Boiling point** : >288°C (>550.4°F)

Flash point : Open cup: 193°C (379.4°F) [Cleveland.]

**Evaporation rate** : <0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 0.9%

(flammable) limits

(flammable) limits Upper: 7%

**Vapor pressure** : <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : >5 [Air = 1]
Relative density : 0.94 [Water = 1]

**Solubility** : Very slightly soluble in the following materials: hot water.

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

SADT : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.39 cm²/s (39 cSt)(Mineral oil.)

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical/chemical properties comments

: Mineral oil.:

Kinematic viscosity (100 °C (212 °F)): 200 SUS

Pour point: -40 °C (-40 °F)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from all sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Incompatibility: Chlorine.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
zinc bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	39 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Grams	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name	
	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	zinc oxide	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water		
72 hours	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water		
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Acute EC50 0.74 mg/l	zinc bis	
ion		Acute EC50 0.74 mg/l : 04/17/2015	zinc bis	

## Section 12. Ecological information

(dibutyldithiocarbamate)			
	Acute LC50 520 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	>2	-	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

11/15

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (zinc oxide, Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di- C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	9

## **Section 14. Transport information**

T	1	1	T
Packing group	-	III	III
Environmental hazards	No	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information		The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F  Special provisions 274, 335	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y956  Special provisions A97, A158, A179

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc

salts; zinc oxide; zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 **Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

**Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals) **DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 04/17/2015 Date of previous issue Version: 1 12/15 : No previous validation

## Section 15. Regulatory information

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	30-60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	30-60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	30-60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	10-30	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
zinc oxide	1-5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	1-5	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)	0.1-1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	zinc oxide Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	1314-13-2 68649-42-3	1-5 1-5
Supplier notification	zinc oxide Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	1314-13-2 68649-42-3	1-5 1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES,

HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC; MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES,

HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC; ZINC OXIDE FUME

**New York** 

: None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** 

: The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED); OIL MIST, MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED); OIL MIST, MINERAL OIL

MINERAL; MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED); OIL MIST, MINERAL; MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED); OIL MIST, MINERAL; MINERAL OIL (HIGHLY REFINED); OIL

MIST, MINERAL; ZINC compounds; ZINC OXIDE

**Pennsylvania** 

: The following components are listed: ZINC COMPOUNDS; ZINC OXIDE (ZNO)

California Prop. 65

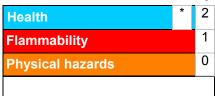
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
crystalline silica non-respirable	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

## Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1
Prepared by : IHS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

References : HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard

International transport regulations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

: 04/17/2015

GR-132

## Section 16. Other information

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.